

Holy Monday, Tuesday \& Wednesday


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Dómine, meménto mei, cum véneris in regnum tuum. C. Et dixit illi Iesus: Amen, dico tibi: Hódie mecum eris in paradíso. C. Erat autem fere hora sexta, et ténebræ factæ sunt in univérsam terram usque in horam nonam. Et obscurátus est sol: et velum templi scissum est médium. Et clamans voce magna Iesus, ait: Xater, in manus tuas comméndo spíritum meum. C. Et hæc dicens, exspirávit. (Hic genuflectitur, et pausatur aliquantulum) Videns autem centúrio quod factum fúerat, glorificávit Deum, dicens: S. Vere hic homo iustus erat. C. Et omnis turba eórum, qui simul áderant ad spectáculum istud et vidébant, quæ fiébant, percutiéntes péctora sua revertebántur. Stabant autem omnes noti eius a longe, et mulíeres, quæ secútæ eum erant a Galilæa, hæc vidéntes.

The following is sung in the tone of the Gospel; the rest is all done as on Palm Sunday, that is to say Munda cor meum, the blessing is requested, incense is brought without candles and the book is incensed. Dóminus vobiscum is not said, and the Celebrant and the Deacon do not sign the book nor themselves, and finally, the Celebrant kisses the book and is incensed.

Et ecce, vir nómine Ioseph, qui cerat decúrio, vir bonus et iustus: hic non consénserat consílio et áctibus eórum, ab Arimathæa civitáte Iudææ, qui exspectábat'et ipse regnum Dei. Hic accéssit ad Pilátum et pétiit corpus Iesu: et depósitum invólvit síndone, et pósuit eum in monuménto excíso, in quo nondum quisquam pósitus fúerat.

## Offertorium

Ps. 101,2-3
Dómine, exáudi oratiónem meam, et clamor meus ad te pervéniat: ne avértas fáciem tuam a me

And the sun was darkened, and the veil of the temple was rent in the midst. And Jesus crying out with a loud voice, said: Father, into thy hands I commend my spirit. And saying this, he gave up the ghost. (Here all kneel and pause for a moment) Now the centurion, seeing what was done, glorified God, saying: Indeed this was a just man. And all the multitude of them that were come together to that sight, and saw the things that were done, returned striking their breasts. And all his acquaintance, and the women that had followed him from Galilee, stood afar off, beholding these things.
bus præest, profícere; ut ad vitam, una cum grege sibi crédito, pervéniat sempitérnam. Per Dóminum.

Thee, that he may benefit both by word and example those over whom he is set, and thus attain unto life eternal, together with the flock committed to his care. Through our Lord.

The third collect is not said.

## Lectio Isaia Prophet/e

Is. 50,5-10

In diébus illis: Dixit Isaías: Dómi_nus Deus apéruit mihi aurem, ego autem non contradíco: retrórsum non ábii. Corpus meum dedi percutiéntibus et genas meas velléntibus: fáciem meam non avérti ab increpántibus et conspuéntibus in me. Dóminus Deus auxiliátor meus, í deo non sum confúsus: ídeo posui fáciem meam ut petram duríssimam, et scio, quóniam non confúndar. Iuxta est, qui iustíficat me, quis contradícet mihi? Stemus simul, quis est adversárius meus? Accédat ad me. Ecce, Dóminus Deus auxiliátor meus: quis est, qui condémnet me? Ecce, omnes quasi vestiméntum conteréntur, tínea cómedet eos Quis ex vobis timens Dóminum, áudiens vocem servi sui? Qui ambulavit in ténebris, et non est lumen ei, speret in nómine Dómini, et innitátur super Deum suum.

## Graduale

Ps. 34,23 et 3
Zxsúrge, Dómine, et inténde iudício meo, Deus meus et Dóminus meus, in causam meam. X. Effúnde frámeam, et conclúde advérsus eos, qui me persequúntur.

## Lesson from the Prophet Isaiah

Is. 50,5-10
Tn those days Isaiah said: The Lord God hath opened my ear, and I do not resist: I have not gone back. I have given my body to the strikers, and my cheeks to them that plucked them: I have not turned away my face from them that rebuked me, and spit upon me. The Lord God is my helper, therefore am I not confounded: therefore have I set my face as a most hard rock, and I know that I shall not be confounded. He is near that justifieth me, who will contend with me? let us stand together, who is my adversary? let him come near to me. Behold the Lord God is my helper: who is he that shall condemn me? Lo, they shall all be destroyed as a garment, the moth shall eat them up. Who is there among you that feareth the Lord, that heareth the voice of his servant, that hath walked in darkness, and hath no light? let him hope in the name of the Lord, and lean upon his God.

## Gradual

Ps. 34,23 \& 3
A rise, $O$ Lord, and be attentive to my judgment, to my cause, my God and my Lord. X. Bring out the sword, and shut up the way against them that persecute me.



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autem príncipes sacerdótum et scribæ, constánter accusántes eum. Sprevit autem illum Heródes cum exércitu suo: et illúsit indútum veste alba, et remísit ad Pilátum. Et facti sunt amíci Heródes et Pilátus in ipsa die: nam ántea inimíci erant ad ínvicem. Pilátus autem, convocátis princípibus sacerdótum et magistrátibus et plebe, dixit ad illos: S. Obtulístis mihi hunc hóminem, quasi averténtem pópulum, et ecce, ego coram vobis intérrogans, nullam causam invéni in hómine isto ex his, in quibus eum accusátis. Sed neque Heródes: nam remísi vos ad illum, et ecce, nihil dignum morte actum est ei. Emendátum ergo illum dimíttam.
C. Necésse autem habébat dimíttere eis per diem festum, unum. Exclamávit autem simul univérsa turba, dicens: S. Tolle hunc, et dimítte nobis Barábbam. C. Qui erat propter seditiónem quandam factam in civitáte et homicídium missus in cárcerem. Iterum autem Pilátus locútus est ad eos, volens dimíttere lesum. Ait illi succlamábant, dicéntes: S. Crucifíge, crucifíge eum. C. Ille autem tértio dixit ad illos: S. Quid enim mali fecit iste? Nullam causam mortis invénio in eo: corrípiam ergo illum et dimíttam. C. At illi instábant vócibus magnis, postulántes, ut crucifigerétur. Et invalescébant voces eórum. Et Pilátus adiudicávit fíeri petitiónem eórum. Dimísit autem illis eum, qui propter homicídium et seditiónem missus fúerat in cárcerem, quem petébant: Iesum vero trádidit voluntáti eórum. Et cum dúcerent eum, apprehendérunt Simónem quendam Cyrenénsem, veniéntem de villa: et impo-
and sent him back to Pilate. And Herod and Pilate were made friends, that same day; for before they were enemies one to another. And Pilate, calling together the chief priests, and the magistrates, and the people, Said to them: You have presented unto me this man, as one that perverteth the people; and behold I, having examined him before you, find no cause in this man, in those things wherein you accuse him No, nor Herod neither. For I sent you to him, and behold, nothing worthy of death is done to him. I will chastise him therefore, and release him

Now of necessity he was to release unto them one upon the feast day. But the whole multitude together cried out, saying: Away with this man, and release unto us Barabbas: Who, for a certain sedition made in the city, and for a murder, was cast into prison. And Pilate again spoke to them, desiring to release Jesus. But they cried again, saying: Crucify him, crucify him. And he said to them the third time: Why, what evil hath this man done? I find no cause of death in him. I will chastise him therefore, and let him go. But they were instant with loud voices, requiring that he might be crucified; and their voices prevailed. And Pilate gave sentence that it should be as they required. And he released unto them him who for murder and sedition, had been cast into prison, whom they had desired; but Jesus he delivered up to their will. And as they led him away, they laid hold of one Simon of Cyrene, coming from the country; and they laid the cross on him to carry after Jesus. And there followed him a great multitude of people, and of women, who bewailed and lamented him. But Jesus turning to them said: Daughters of Jerusalem, weep not
erat ex discumbéntibus cum eo. María ergo accépit libram unguénti nardi pístici pretiósi, et unxit pedes Iesu, et extérsit pedes eius capíllis suis: et domus impléta est ex odóre unguénti. Dixit ergo unus ex discípulis eius, Iudas Iscariótes, qui erat eum traditúrus: Quare hoc unguéntum non véniit trecéntis denáriis, et datum est egénis? Dixit autem hoc, non quia de egénis pertinébat ad eum, sed quia fur erat, et lóculos habens, ea, quæ mittebántur, portábat. Dixit ergo Iesus: Sínite illam, ut in diem sepultúræ meæ servet illud. Páuperes enim semper habétis vobíscum: me autem non semper habétis. Cognóvit ergo turba multa ex Iudæis, quia illic est: et venérunt, non propter Iesum tantum, sed ut Lázarum vidérent, quem suscitávit a mórtuis.

## Offertorium

Ps. 142,9-10
Eripe me de inimícis meis, Dómine: ad te confúgi, doce me fácere voluntátem tuam: quia Deus meus es tu.

- æc sacrifícia nos, omnípotens Deus, poténti virtúte mundátos, ad suum fáciant purióres veníre princípium. Per Dóminum.


## Altera Secreta,

 contra persecutores Ecclesir
## Secreta

Drótege nos, Dómine, tuis mystériis serviéntes: ut, divínis rebus
was one of them that were at table with him. Mary therefore took a pound of ointment of right spikenard, of great price, and anointed the feet of Jesus, and wiped his feet with her hair; and the house was filled with the odour of the ointment. Then one of his disciples, Judas Iscariot, he that was about to betray him, said: Why was not this ointment sold for three hundred pence, and given to the poor? Now he said this, not because he cared for the poor; but because he was a thief, and having the purse, carried the things that were put therein. Jesus therefore said: Let her alone, that she may keep it against the day of my burial. For the poor you have always with you; but me you have not always. A great multitude therefore of the Jews knew that he was there; and they came, not for Jesus' sake only, but that they might see Lazarus, whom he had raised from the dead.

## Offertory

Ps. 142,9-10
Deliver me from my enemies, $O$ Lord: to Thee have I fled, teach me to do Thy will, for Thou art my God.

Secret
rant, O almighty God, that being $T_{\text {purified by the powerful virtue of }}$ these sacrifices, we may come with greater purity to their divine source. Through our Lord.

## Another Secret

 against the persecutors of the Church
## Secret

Drotect us, O Lord, who assist at Thy mysteries; that, fixed upon things divine


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timus in gládio? C. Et percússit unus ex illis servum príncipis sacerdótum, et amputávit aurículam eius déxteram. Respóndens autem Iesus, ait: Sínite usque huc. C. Et cum tetigísset aurículam eius, sanávit eum. Dixit autem lesus ad eos, qui vénerant ad se, príncipes sacerdótum et magistrátus templi et senióres: WQuasi ad latrónem exístis cum gládiis et fústibus? Cum cotídie vobíscum fúerim in templo, non extendístis manus in me: sed hæc est hora vestra et potéstas tenebrárum. C. Comprehendéntes autem eum, duxérunt ad domum príncipis sacerdótum: Petrus vero sequebátur a longe. Accénso autem igne in médio átrii, et circumsedéntibus illis, erat Petrus in médio eórum. Quem cum vidísset ancílla quædam sedéntem ad lumen, et eum fuísset intúita, dixit: S. Et hic cum illo erat. C. At ille negávit eum, dicens: S. Múlier, non novi illum. C. Et post pusíllum álius videns eum, dixit: S. Et tu de illis es. C. Petrus vero ait: S. O homo, non sum. C. Et intervállo facto quasi horæ uníus, álius quidam affirmábat, dicens: S. Vere et hic cum illo erat: nam et Galilæus est. C. Et ait Petrus:
S. Homo, néscio, quid dicis. C. Et contínuo adhuc illo loquénte cantávit gallus. Et convérsus Dóminus respéxit Petrum. Et recordátus est Petrus verbi Dómini, sicut díxerat: Quia priúsquam gallus cantet, ter me negábis. Et egréssus foras Petrus flevit amáre. Et viri, qui tenébant illum, illudébant ei, cædéntes. Et velavérunt eum et percutiébant fáciem eius: et interrogábant eum, dicéntes: S. Prophetíza, quis est, qui te percússit? C. Et ália multa blasphemántes dicébant
shall we strike with the sword? And one of them struck the servant of the high priest, and cut off his right ear. But Jesus answering, said: Suffer ye thus far. And when he had touched his ear, he healed him. And Jesus said to the chief priests, and magistrates of the temple, and the ancients, that were come unto him: Are ye come out, as it were against a thief, with swords and clubs? When I was daily with you in the temple, you did not stretch forth your hands against me: but this is your hour, and the power of darkness. And apprehending him, they led him to the high priest's house. But Peter followed afar off. And when they had kindled a fire in the midst of the hall, and were sitting about it, Peter was in the midst of them. Whom when a certain servant maid had seen sitting at the light, and had earnestly beheld him, she said: This man also was with him. But he denied him, saying: Woman, I know him not. And after a little while, another seeing him, said: Thou also art one of them. But Peter said: O man, I am not And after the space, as it were of one hour, another certain man affirmed, saying: Of a truth, this man was also with him; for he is also a Galilean. And Peter said:
Man, I know not what thou sayest. And immediately, as he was yet speaking, the cock crew. And the Lord turning looked on Peter. And Peter remembered the word of the Lord, as he had said: Before the cock crow, thou shalt deny me thrice. And Peter going out, wept bitterly. And the men that held him, mocked him, and struck him. And they blindfolded him, and smote his face. And they asked him, saying: Prophesy, who is it that struck thee? And blaspheming, many other things they said against him. And as soon

Crubéscant et revereántur simul, qui gratulántur malis meis: induántur pudóre et reveréntia, qui malígna loquúntur advérsus me.

Postcommunio
Drǽbeant nobis, Dómine, divínum tua sancta fervórem: quo eórum páriter et actu delectémur et fructu. Per Dóminum.

## Altera Postcommunio,

 contra persecutores Ecclesiæ
## Postcommunio

〇uæśumus, Dómine, Deus noster: ut, quos divína tríbuis parti-cipatióne gaudére, humánis non sinas subiacére perículis. Per Dóminum.

## Seu pro Papa

Postcommunio

Hæc nos, quǽsumus, Dómine, divini sacraménti percéptio prótegat: et fámulum tuum N., quem pastórem Ecclésiæ tuæ præésse voluísti; una cum commísso sibi grege, salvet semper et múniat. Per Dóminum.

## Super populum:

Orémus.
Oratio
Humiliáte cápita vestra Deo.

Adiuva nos, Deus, salutáris noster: et ad benefícia recolénda, quibus nos instauráre dignátus es, tríbue veníre gaudéntes. Per Dóminum.

Communion
Ps. 34,26
I et them blush and be ashamed together, who rejoice at my evils: let them be clothed with shame and fear who speak malignant things against me.
$M$ ay Thy holy mysteries, O Lord inspire us with divine fervour that we may both delight in their celebration and in their fruit. Through ur Lord.

## Another Postcommunion,

against the persecutors of the Church

## Postcommunion

Me beseech Thee, O Lord our God that Thou wouldst not suffer to be exposed to human dangers those to whom Thou givest to rejoice in this divine banquet. Through our Lord.

## For the Pope

## Postcommunion

May the reception of this divine sacrament protect us, we beseech Thee, O Lord, and ever save and defend thy servant N., whom Thou hast been pleased to appoint as pastor over Thy Church, together with the flock committed to his care. Through.

## Over the people:

Let us pray.

## Prayer

Bow down your heads before God.
Telp us, o God of our salvation, and grant that we may celebrate with joy the memory of those mercies whereby Thou hast graciously restored us to a new life. Through our Lord.
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vobis, quod non bibam de generatióne vitis, donec regnum Dei véniat. C. Et accépto pane, grátias egit, et fregit, et dedit eis, dicens: Hoc est corpus meum, quod pro vobis datur: hoc fácite in meam commemoratiónem. C. Simíliter et cálicem, postquam cœnávit, dicens: Hic est calix novum Testaméntum in sánguine meo, qui pro vobis fundétur. Verúmtamen ecce manus tradéntis me mecum est in mensa. Et quidem Fílius hóminis, secúndum quod definítum est, vadit: verúmtamen væ hómini illi, per quem tradétur. C. Et ipsi cœpérunt quærere inter se, quis esset ex eis, qui hoc factúrus esset. Facta est autem et conténtio inter eos, quis eórum viderétur esse maior. Dixit autem eis: ※Reges géntium dominántur eórum: et qui potestátem habent super eos, benéfici vocántur. Vos autem non sic: sed qui maior est in vobis, fiat sicut minor: et qui præcéssor est, sicut ministrátor. Nam quis maior est, qui recúmbit, an qui minístrat? nonne qui recúmbit? Ego autem in médio vestrum sum, sicut qui minístrat: vos autem estis, qui permansístis mecum in tentatiónibus meis. Et ego dispóno vobis, sicut dispósuit mihi Pater meus regnum, ut edátis et bibátis super mensam meam in regno meo: et sedeátis super thronos, iudicántes duódecim tribus Israël. C. Ait autem Dóminus: WSimon, Simon, ecce, sátanas expetívit vos, ut cribráret sicut tríticum: ego autem rogávi pro te, ut non defíciat fides tua: et tu aliquándo convérsus confírma fratres tuos. C. Qui dixit ei: S. Dómine, tecum parátus sum, et in cárcerem et in mortem ire. C. At ille dixit: $\mathbf{X D i c o ~ t i b i , ~ P e t r e : ~}$

Take, and divide it among you: For I say to you, that I will not drink of the fruit of the vine, till the kingdom of God come. And taking bread, he gave thanks, and brake; and gave to them, saying: This is my body, which is given for you. Do this for a commemoration of me. In like manner the chalice also, after he had supped, saying: This is the chalice, the new testament in my blood, which shall be shed for you. But yet behold, the hand of him that betrayeth me is with me on the table. And the Son of man indeed goeth, according to that which is determined but yet, woe to that man by whom he shall be betrayed. And they began to inquire among themselves, which of them it was that should do this thing. And there was also a strife amongst them, which of them should seem to be the greater. And he said to them: The kings of the Gentiles lord it over them; and they that have power over them, are called beneficent. But you not so: but he that is the greater among you, let him become as the younger; and he that is the leader, as he that serveth. For which is greater, he that sitteth at table, or he that serveth? Is it not he that sitteth at table? But I am in the midst of you, as he that serveth: And you are they who have continued with me in my temptations: And I dispose to you, as my Father hath disposed to me, a kingdom; That you may eat and drink at my table, in my kingdom: and may sit upon thrones, judging the twelve tribes of Israel. And the Lord said: Simon, Simon, behold Satan hath desired to have you, that he may sift you as wheat: But I have prayed for thee, that thy faith fail not: and thou, being once converted, confirm thy brethren. Who said to him: Lord, I am ready to go with thee, both into prison,

Graduale
Ps. 34,13 et 1-2

Ego autem, dum mihi molésti essent, induébam me cilício, et humiliábam in ieiúnio ánimam meam: et orátio mea in sinu meo convertétur. $\overline{\mathrm{V}}$. Iúdica, Dómine, nocéntes me, expúgna impugnántes me: apprehénde arma et scutum, et exsúrge in adiutórium mihi.

Gradual Ps. 34,13 \& 1-2
But as for me, when they were troublesome to me, I was clothed with haircloth, and I humbled my soul with fasting, and my prayer shall be turned into my bosom. X. Judge Thou, O Lord, them that wrong me, overthrow them that fight against me: take hold of arms and shield, and rise up to help me.

## Commentary

The first year that St. Peter was in Rome, that is, the 45th after the birth of our Lord, since many converted to God, St. Mark was asked by them to write in Latin what the Apostle had preached to them, in order to better know the actions of Christ. He then composed his Gospel, which was confirmed with the authority of Saint Peter and published in the Church. And so, St. Mark being the second editor of the Gospel, his account of the Passion is read second in Holy Week.

## Passio Domini nostri

Iesu Christi secundum Marcum Marc. 14,1-72; 15,1-46
Tn illo témpore: Erat Pascha, et ázy1 ma post bíduum, et quærébant summi sacerdótes et scribæ, quómodo Iesum dolo tenérent et occíderent. Dicébant autem: S. Non in die festo, ne forte tumúltus fíeret in pópulo. C. Et cum esset Iesus Bethániæ in domo Simónis leprósi, et recúmberet: venit múlier habens alabástrum unguénti nardi spicáti pretiósi, et fracto alabástro, effúdit super caput eius. Erant autem quidam indígne feréntes intra semetípsos, et dicéntes: S. Ut quid perdítio ista unguénti facta est? Póterat enim unguéntum istud venúmdari plus quam trecéntis denáriis, et dari paupéribus. C. Et fremébant in eam. Iesus autem dixit: \&Sínite eam:

Passion of our Lord Jesus Christ according to St. Mark

Mk. 14,1-72; 15,1-46
$\Delta t$ that time the feast of the pasch and of the Azymes was after two days: and the chief priests and the scribes sought how they might by some wile lay hold on him and kill him. But they said: Not on the festival day, lest there should be a tumult among the people. And when he was in Bethania, in the house of Simon the leper, and was at meat, there came a woman having an alabaster box of ointment of precious spikenard. And breaking the alabaster box, she poured it out upon his head. Now there were some that had indignation within themselves and said: Why was this waste of the ointment made? For this ointment might have been sold for more than three hundred pence and given to the poor.


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semen longævum, et volúntas Dómini in manu eius dirigétur. Pro eo, quod laborávit ánima eius, vidébit, et saturábitur: in sciéntia sua iustificábit ipse iustus servus meus multos, et iniquitátes eórum ipse portábit. Ideo dispértiam ei plúrimos: et fórtium dívidet spólia, pro eo, quod trádidit in mortem ánimam suam, et cum scelerátis reputátus est: et ipse peccáta multórum tulit, et pro transgressóribus rogávit.

## Tractus <br> Ps. 101,2-5 et 14

Dómine, exáudi oratiónem meam, et clamor meus ad te véniat. X. Ne avértas fáciem tuam a me: in quacúmque die tríbulor, inclina ad me aurem tuam. $\bar{X}$. In quacúmque die invocávero te, velóciter exáudi me. $\bar{\nabla}$. Quia defecérunt sicut fumus dies mei: et ossa mea sicut in frixório confrixa sunt. $\overline{\text { X }}$. Percússus sum sicut fœnum, et áruit cor meum: quia oblítus sum manducáre panem meum. Џ̀. Tu exsúrgens, Dómine, miseréberis Sion: quia venit tempus miseréndi eius.
be prosperous in his hand. Because his soul hath laboured, he shall see and be filled: by his knowledge shall this my just servant justify many, and he shall bear their iniquities. Therefore will I distribute to him very many, and he shall divide the spoils of the strong, because he hath delivered his soul unto death, and was reputed with the wicked: and he hath borne the sins of many, and hath prayed for the transgressors.

## Tract

Ps. 101,2-5 \& 14
Hear, O Lord, my pryer, and let my cry come unto Thee. $\overline{\text { V. }}$. Turn not away Thy face from me: in the day when I am in trouble, incline Thy ear to me. $\overline{\text { V. }}$. In what day soever I shall call upon Thee, hear me speedily. $\bar{\nabla}$. For my days are vanished like smoke: my bones are burnt up as in an oven. X. I am smitten like the grass, and my heart is withered: because I forgot to eat my bread. $\overline{\text { X }}$. Thou shalt arise, O Lord, and have mercy on Sion: for the time is come to have mercy on it.

## Commentary

At the time the Apostles dispersed the light of the Gospel throughout the world, Saint Paul, having Saint Luke as his companion, worked arduously throughout Greece. And noticing that many things regarding Christ and the Christian faith had been published erroneously and upheld by heretics, St. Luke wrote the gospel in Greek to display what was true and to expose error. In this way, those peoples who, due to the diversity of the language, were not able to understand the Gospel of St. Matthew, being in Hebrew, nor that of St. Mark, which was in Latin, had in their language the corrected and true history of what they had learned of the Christian faith. This was in the forty-eighth year of our Lord. And since Saint Luke is the third author of the Gospel, he is read on the third day.
dem hóminis vadit, sicut scriptum est de eo: væ autem hómini illi, per quem Fílius hóminis tradétur. Bonum erat ei, si non esset natus homo ille. C. Et manducántibus illis, accépit Iesus panem: et benedícens fregit, et dedit eis, et ait: Súmite, hoc est corpus meum. C. Et accépto cálice, grátias agens dedit eis: et biberunt ex illo omnes. Et ait illis: $\mathbb{X H i c}$ est sanguis meus novi Testaménti, qui pro multis effundétur. Amen, dico vobis, quia iam non bibam de hoc genímine vitis usque in diem illum, cum illud bibam novum in regno Dei. C. Et hymno dicto, exiérunt in montem Olivárum. Et ait eis Iesus: $\mathbf{X O m n e s}$ scandalizabímini in me in nocte ista: quia scriptum est: Percútiam pastórem, et dispergéntur oves. Sed postquam resurréxero, præcédam vos in Galilæam. C. Petrus autem ait illi: S. Et si omnes scandalizáti fúerint in te, sed non ego. C. Et ait illi Iesus: Amen, dico tibi, quia tu hódie in nocte hac, priúsquam gallus vocem bis déderit, ter me es negatúrus. C. At ille ámplius loquebátur: S. Et si oportúerit me simul cómmori tibi, non te negábo. C. Simíliter autem et omnes dicébant. Et véniunt in prædium, cui nomen Gethsémani. Et ait discípulis suis: ※Sedéte hic, donec órem. C. Et assúmit Petrum et lacóbum et loánnem secum: et cœpit pavére et tædére. Et ait illis: $\notin$ Tristis est ánima mea usque ad mortem: sustinéte hic, et vigiláte. C. Et cum processísset páululum, prócidit super terram: et orábat, ut, si fíeri posset, transíret ab eo hora: et dixit: XAbba, Pater, ómnia tibi possibília sunt, transfer cálicem hunc
who dippeth with me his hand in the dish And the Son of man indeed goeth, as it is written of him: but woe to that man by whom the Son of man shall be betrayed. It were better for him, if that man had not been born. And whilst they were eating Jesus took bread; and blessing, broke and gave to them and said: Take ye. This is my body. And having taken the chalice giving thanks, he gave it to them. And they all drank of it. And he said to them: This is my blood of the new testament, which shall be shed for many. Amen I say to you that I will drink no more of the fruit of the vine until that day when I shall drink it new in the kingdom of God. And when they had sung a hymn, they went forth to the mount of Olives. And Jesus saith to them: You will all be scandalized in my regard this night. For it is written: I will strike the shepherd, and the sheep shall be dispersed. But after I shall be risen again, I will go before you into Galilee. But Peter saith to him Although all shall be scandalized in thee, yet not I. And Jesus saith to him: Amen I say to thee, today, even in this night, before the cock crow twice, thou shalt deny me thrice. But he spoke the more vehemently: Although I should die together with thee, I will not deny thee. And in like manner also said they all. And they came to a farm called Gethsemani. And he saith to his disciples: Sit you here, while I pray. And he taketh Peter and James and John with him: and he began to fear and to be heavy. And he saith to them: My soul is sorrowful even unto death. Stay you here and watch. And when he was gone forward a little, he fell flat on the ground: and he prayed that, if it might be, the hour might pass from
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## $\tau I-I^{\prime} \varepsilon \varepsilon$＇sI



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in furóre meo, et conculcávi eos in ira mea: et aspérsus est sanguis eórum super vestiménta mea, et ómnia induménta mea inquinávi. Dies enim ultiónis in corde meo, annus redemptiónis meæ venit. Circumspéxi, et non erat auxiliátor: quæsívi, et non fuit, qui adiuváret: et salvávit mihi bráchium meum, et indignátio mea ipsa auxiliáta est mihi. Et conculcávi pópulos in furóre meo, et inebriávi eos in indignatió- ne mea, et detráxi in terram virtú- tem eórum. Miseratiónum Dómini recordábor, laudem Dómini super ómnibus, quæ réddidit nobis Dóminus, Deus noster.

## Graduale

Ps. 68,18 et 2-3
Ne avértas fáciem tuam a púero tuo, quóniam tríbulor: velóciter exáudi me. X. Salvum me fac, Deus, quóniam intravérunt aquæ usque ad ánimam meam: infixus sum in limo profúndi, et non est substántia.
my indignation, and have trodden them down in my wrath, and their blood is sprinkled upon my garments, and I have stained all my apparel. For the day of vengeance is in my heart, the year of my redemption is come. I looked about, and there was none to help: I sought, and there was none to give aid: and my own arm hath saved for me, and my indignation itself hath helped me. And I have trodden down the people in my wrath, and have made them drunk in my indignation, and have brought down their strength to the earth. I will remember the tender mercies of the Lord, the praise of the Lord for all the things that the Lord hath bestowed upon us.

## Gradual

Ps. 68,18 e 2-3
Turn not away Thy face from They servant, for I am in trouble: hear me speedily. XV. Save me, O God, for the waters are come in even unto my soul: I stick fact in the mire of the deep, and there is no sure standing.

Here the priest says: XV. Dóminus vobíscum, and Oremus, without the Flectámus génua.


#### Abstract

Orémus.

Deus, qui pro nobis Fílium tuum Crucis patíbulum subíre voluísti, ut inimíci a nobis expélleres potestátem: concéde nobis fámulis tuis; ut resurrectiónis grátiam consequámur. Per eúndem Dóminum nostrum.


nudus profúgit ab eis. Et adduxérunt Iesum ad summum sacerdótem: et convenérunt omnes sacerdótes et scribæ et senióres. Petrus autem a longe secútus est eum usque intro in átrium summi sacerdótis: et sedébat cum minístris ad ignem, et calefaciébat se. Summi vero sacerdótes et omne concílium quærébant advérsus Iesum testimónium, ut eum morti tráderent, nec inveniébant. Multi enim testimónium falsum dicébant advérsus eum: et conveniéntia testimónia non erant. Et quidam surgéntes, falsum testimónium ferébant advérsus eum, dicéntes: S. Quóniam nos audívimus eum dicéntem: Ego dissólvam templum hoc manufáctum, et per tríduum áliud non manufáctum ædificábo. C. Et non erat convéniens testimónium illórum. Et exsúrgens summus sacérdos in médium, interrogávit Iesum, dicens: S. Non respóndes quidquam ad ea, quæ tibi obiiciúntur ab his? C. Ille autem tacébat et nihil respóndit. Rursum summus sacérdos interrogábat eum, et dixit ei: S. Tu es Christus, Fílius Dei benedícti? C. Iesus autem dixit illi: Ego sum: et vidébitis Fílium hóminis sedéntem a dextris virtútis Dei, et veniéntem cum núbibus cæli. C. Summus autem sacérdos scindens vestiménta sua, ait: S. Quid adhuc desiderámus testes? Audístis blasphémiam: quid vobis vidétur? C. Qui omnes condemnavérunt eum esse reum mortis. Et cœpérunt quidam conspúere eum, et velâre fáciem eius, et cólaphis eum cædere, et dícere ei: S. Prophetíza. C. Et minístri álapis eum cædébant. Et cum esset Petrus
about his naked body. And they laid hold on him. But he, casting off the linen cloth fled from them naked. And they brought Jesus to the high priest. And all the priests and the scribes and the ancients assembled together. And Peter followed him afar off, even into the court of the high priest. And he sat with the servants at the fire and warmed himself. And the chief priests and all the council sought for evidence against Jesus, that they might put him to death: and found none. For many bore false witness against him: and their evidences were not agreeing. And some rising up, bore false witness against him, saying: We heard him say, I Will destroy this temple made with hands and within three days I will build another not made with hands. And their witness did not agree. And the high priest rising up in the midst, asked Jesus, saying: Answerest thou nothing to the things that are laid to thy charge by these men? But he held his peace and answered nothing. Again the high priest asked him and said to him: Art thou the Christ, the Son of the Blessed God? And Jesus said to him: I am And you shall see the Son of man sitting on the right hand of the power of God and coming with the clouds of heaven. Then the high priest rending his garments, saith: What need we any further witnesses? You have heard the blasphemy. What think you? Who all condemned him to be guilty of death. And some began to spit on him and to cover his face and to buffet him and to say unto him: Prophesy. And the servants struck him with the palms their hands. Now when Peter was in the court below, there cometh one of the maidservants of the high priest. And when she had seen Peter

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## Postcommunio

Sanctificatiónibus tuis, omnípotens Deus: et vítia nostra curéntur, et remédia nobis sempitérna provéniant. Per Dóminum.

Postcommunion
ay our vices be cured, O almighty
God, by Thy holy mysteries, and may we receive everlasting remedies. Through our Lord.

Other Postcommunions, for the Church and for the Pope, as on Holy Monday, p. 7.

## Super populum:

Orémus.
Humiliáte cápita vestra Deo.

$\Gamma$ua nos misericórdia, Deus, et ab omni subreptióne vetustátis expúrget, et capáces sanctæ novitátis effíciat. Per Dóminum.

## Over the people:

Let us pray. Prayer
Bow down your heads before God.
入ay Thy mercy, O God, purifying us from all deceits of our old nature, enable us to be formed anew unto holiness. Through our Lord.


Sciébat enim, quod per invídiam tradidíssent eum summi sacerdótes Pontifices autem concitavérunt turbam, ut magis Barábbam dimítteret eis. Pilátus autem íterum respóndens, ait illis: S. Quid ergo vultis fáciam Regi Iudæórum? C. At illi íterum clamavérunt: S. Crucifíge eum C. Pilátus vero dicébat illis: S. Quid enim mali fecit? C. At illi magis clamábant: S. Crucifíge eum. C. Pilátus autem volens pópulo satisfácere, dimísit illis Barábbam, et trádidit lesum flagéllis cæsum, ut crucifigerétur. Mílites autem duxérunt eum in átrium pretórii, et cónvocant totam cohórtem, et índuunt eum púrpura, et impónunt ei plecténtes spíneam corónam. Et cœepérunt salutáre eum. Ave, Rex ludæórum. Et percutiébant caput eius arúndine: et'conspuébant eum et, ponéntes génua, adorábant eum. Et postquam illusérunt ei, exuérunt illum púrpura, et induérunt eum vestiméntis suis: et edúcunt illum, ut crucifígerent eum. Et angariavérunt prætereúntem quémpiam, Simónem Cyrenæum, veniéntem de villa, patrem Alexándri et Rufi, ut tólleret crucem eius. Et perdúcunt illum in Gólgotha locum, quod est interpretátum Calváriæ locus. Et dabant ei bíbere myrrhátum vinum: et non accépit. Et crucifigéntes eum, divisérunt vestiménta eius, mitténtes sortem super eis, quis quid tólleret. Erat autem hora tértia: et crucifixérunt eum. Et erat títulus causæ eius inscríptus: Rex Iudæórum. Et cum eo crucifígunt, duos latrónes: unum a dextris et álium a sinístris eius. Et impléta est Scriptúra, quæ dicit: Et cum
that the chief priests had delivered him up out of envy. But the chief priests moved the people, that he should rather release Barabbas to them. And Pilate again answering, saith to them: What will you then that I do to the king of the Jews? But they again cried out: Crucify him. And Pilate saith to them: Why, what evil hath he done? But they cried out the more Crucify him. And so Pilate being willing to satisfy the people, released to them Barabbas, and delivered up Jesus, when he had scourged him, to be crucified. And the soldiers led him away into the court of the palace, and they called together the whole band: And they clothe him with purple, and platting a crown of thorns, they put it upon him. And they began to salute him: Hail, king of the Jews. And they struck his head with a reed: and they did spit on him. And bowing their knees, they adored him. And after they had mocked him, they took off the purple from him, and put his own garments on him, and they led him out to crucify him. And they forced one Simon a Cyrenian who passed by, coming out of the country, the father of Alexander and of Rufus, to take up his cross. And they bring him into the place called Golgotha, which being interpreted is, The place of Calvary. And they gave him to drink wine mingled with myrrh but he took it not. And crucifying him, they divided his garments, casting lots upon them, what every man should take. And it was the third hour, and they crucified him. And the inscription of his cause was written over: King of the Jews, And with him they crucify two thieves, the one on his right hand, and the other on his left. And the scripture was fulfilled, which saith: And with the
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